

Please write clearly, in block capitals.

Centre number

Candidate number

Surname _____

Forename(s) _____

Candidate signature _____

GCSE MATHEMATICS

H

Higher Tier Paper 1 Non-Calculator

Exam Date

Morning

Time allowed: 1 hour 30 minutes

Materials

For this paper you must have:

- mathematical instruments

You must **not** use a calculator.



Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen. Draw diagrams in pencil.
- Answer **all** questions.
- You must answer the questions in the spaces provided. Do not write outside the box around each page or on blank pages.
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.

Information

- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- The maximum mark for this paper is 80.
- You may ask for more answer paper, graph paper and tracing paper. These must be tagged securely to this answer book.

Advice

- In all calculations, show clearly how you work out your answer.

Answer **all** questions in the spaces provided.

1 (a) Circle the smallest number.

[1 mark]

2.31

2. $\dot{3}$

2.33

2.301

1 (b) Circle the largest number.

[1 mark]

7.1

7. $\dot{1}$

7.11

7.101

2 Here is a sequence.

40

35

30

25

20

Circle the expression for the n th term of the sequence.

[1 mark]

$5n + 35$

$5n - 45$

$45 - 5n$

$n - 5$

3 Which of these is **not** a square number?

Circle your answer.

[1 mark]

4×10^2

4×10^6

9×10^3

9×10^4

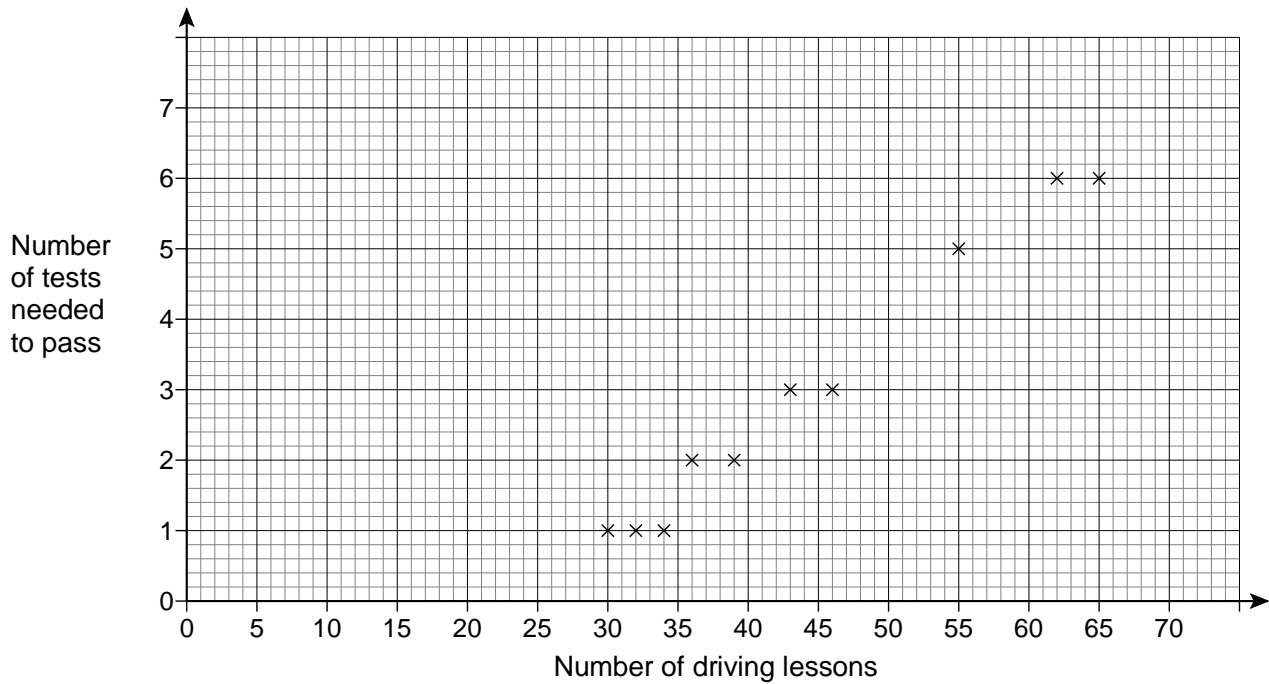
4 Work out $64.32 \div 0.12$

[2 marks]

Answer _____

Turn over for the next question

- 5 The scatter graph shows the number of driving lessons and the number of tests needed to pass by 10 people.



- 5 (a) Describe the correlation.
Circle your answer.

[1 mark]

strong positive weak positive weak negative strong negative

- 5 (b) Use a line of best fit to estimate the number of tests needed to pass by a person who has 50 lessons.

[2 marks]

Answer _____

5 (c) Meera says,

“I can use the trend to predict the number of driving tests needed to pass for any number of driving lessons.”

Comment on her statement.

[1 mark]

6 Which of $\frac{2}{5}$ or $\frac{5}{8}$ is closer in value to $\frac{1}{2}$?

You **must** show your working.

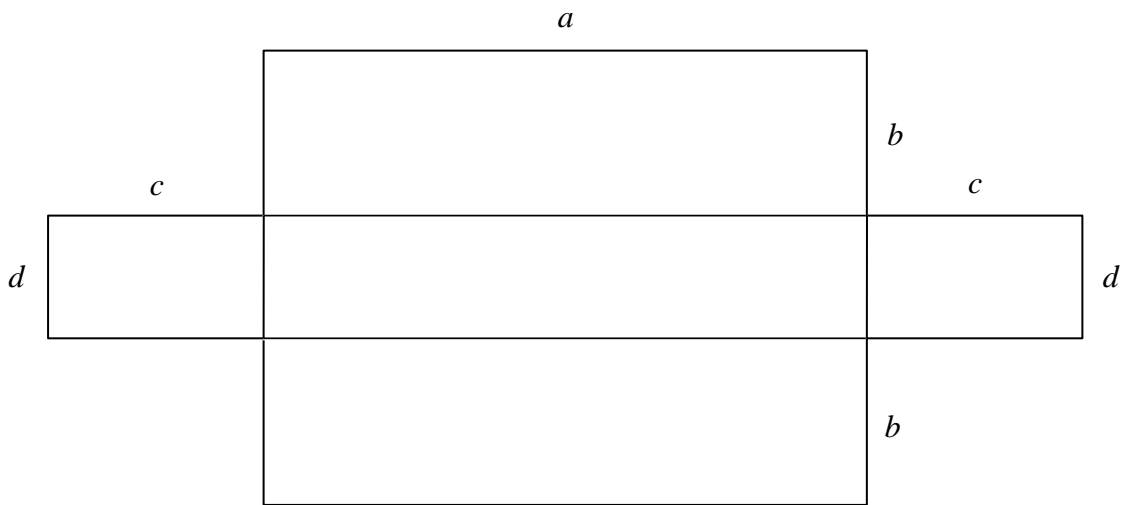
[3 marks]

Answer _____

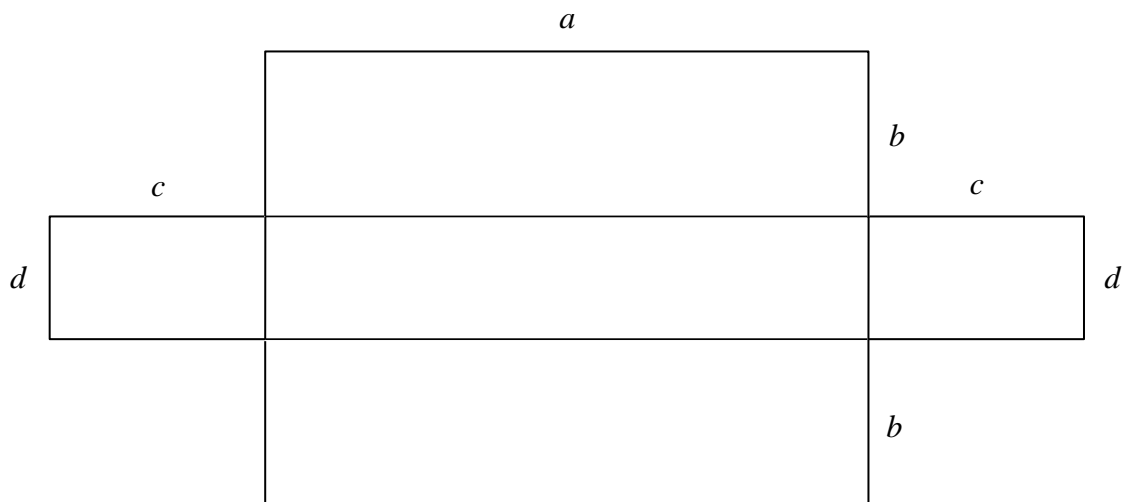
Turn over for the next question

7 A shape is made from rectangles.

7 (a) On the diagram below shade an area represented by the expression $ad + cd$ [1 mark]

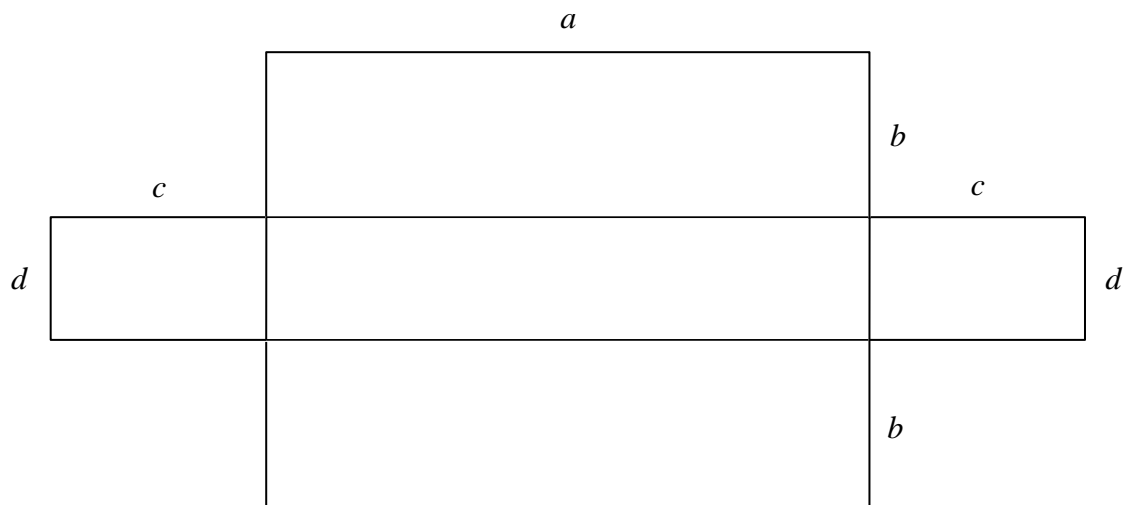


7 (b) On the diagram below shade the area represented by the expression $d(a + 2c)$ [1 mark]



7 (c) Write down an expression for the area of the whole shape.

[1 mark]



Answer _____

8 Circle the value of $\cos 30^\circ$

[1 mark]

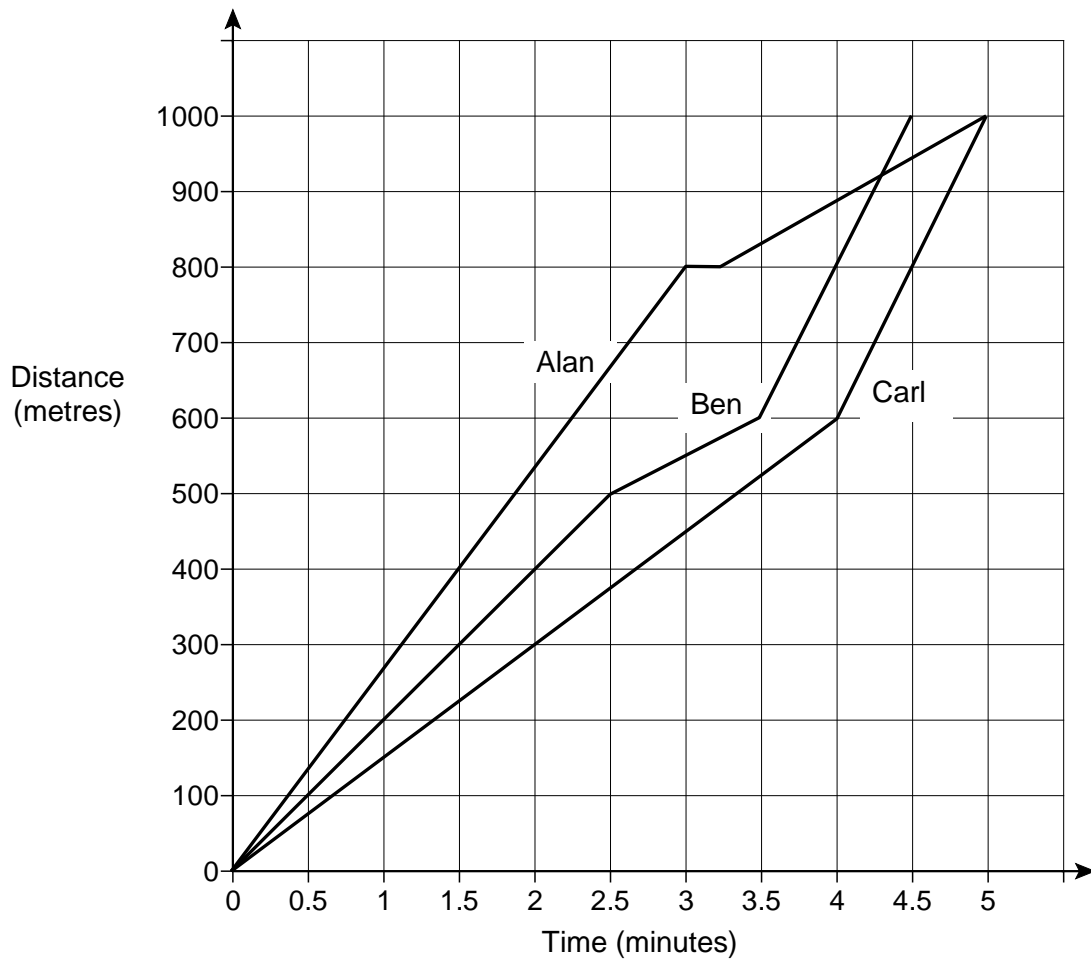
$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$$

$$\frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

$$\frac{2}{\sqrt{3}}$$

- 9 Alan, Ben and Carl ran a 1000 metre race.
The distance-time graph shows the race.



- 9 (a) Who won the race?
Give a reason for your answer.

[1 mark]

Answer _____

Reason

10

$$2x + 3y = 15.5$$

$$x + y = 6$$

Work out the values of x and y .

[3 marks]

$x =$ _____

$y =$ _____

11

Five integers have

a mode of 6

a median of 8

a mean of 10

What is the **greatest** possible range of the five integers?

You **must** show your working.

[3 marks]

Answer _____

- 12** Write $2(7x + 4) - 4(x + 6) + 1$ in the form $a(bx + c)$
where a, b and c are integers and $a > 1$

[3 marks]

Answer _____

Turn over for the next question

13 Here is a map of France.



Scale: 1 cm represents 80 km

13 (a) Estimate the time it would take to drive from Paris to Marseille.

Assume

- the road is straight
- an average speed of 100 km/h

[4 marks]

Answer _____ hours

13 (b) Comment on how each assumption affects the accuracy of your estimate.

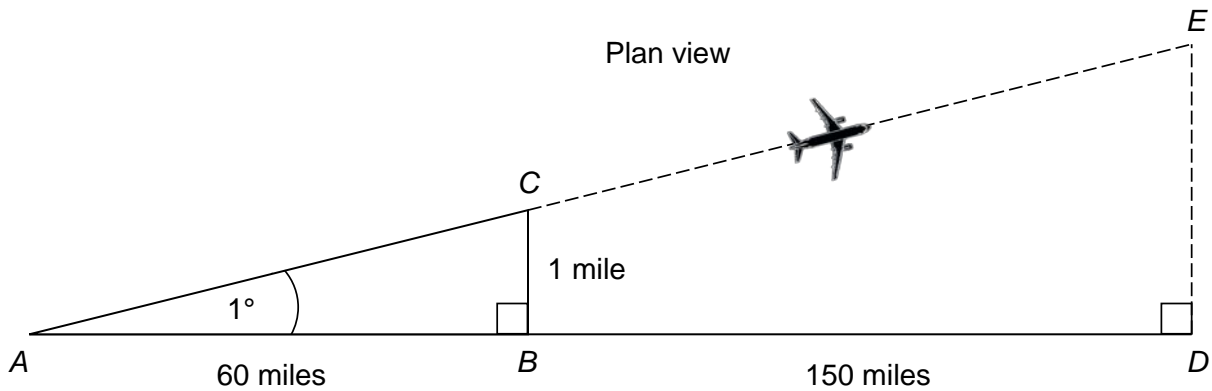
[2 marks]

Assumption 1 _____

Assumption 2 _____

- 14** The pilot of an aircraft wants to fly from A to D .
The aircraft flies from A to E , 1° off course.

Not drawn
accurately



- 14 (a)** The distance BC is 1 mile.

Work out the distance DE .

[2 marks]

Answer _____ miles

- 14 (b)** How should the aircraft have turned at C to fly directly towards D ?

Tick a box.

[1 mark]

1° clockwise

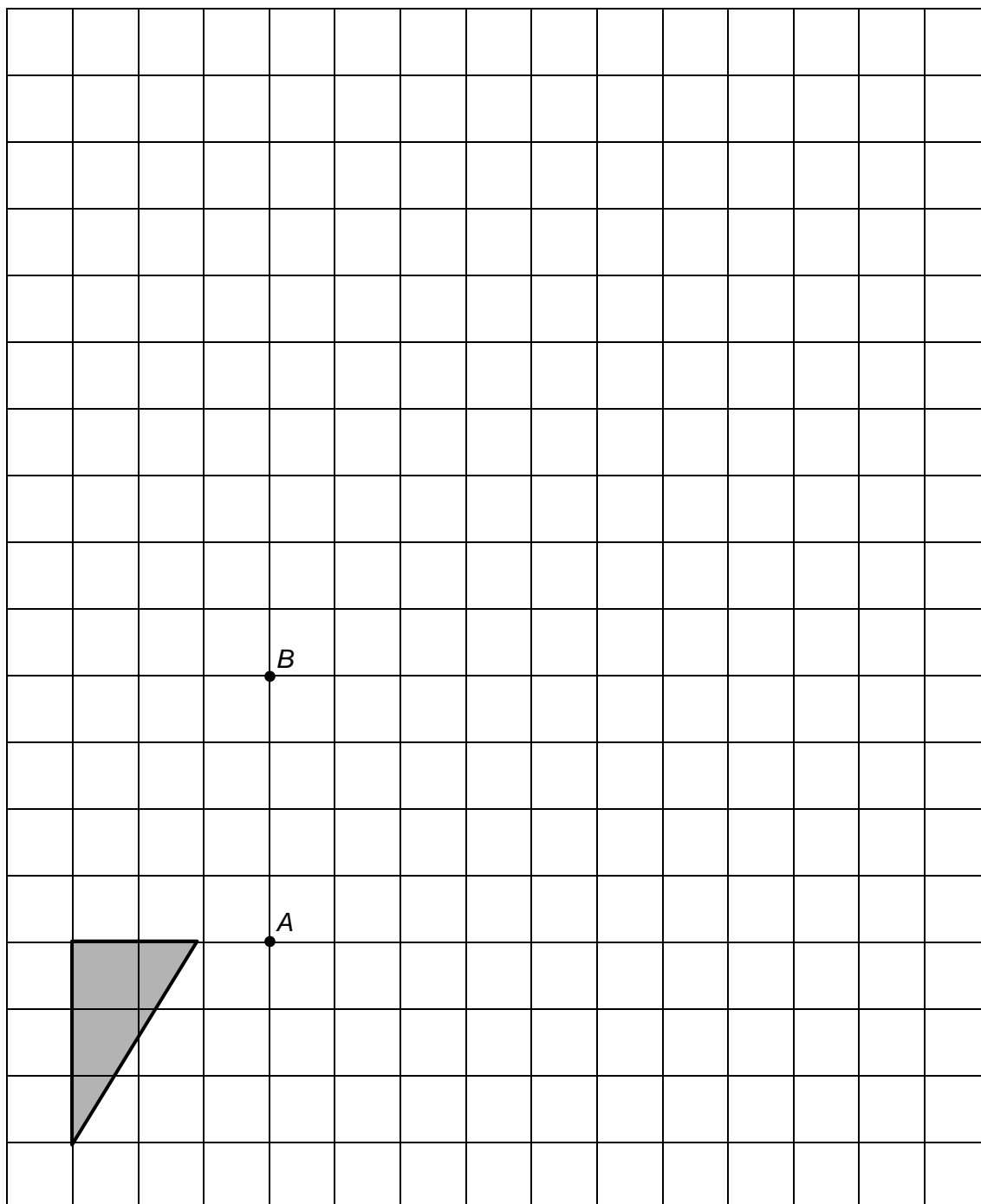
between 1° and 2° clockwise

2° clockwise

more than 2° clockwise

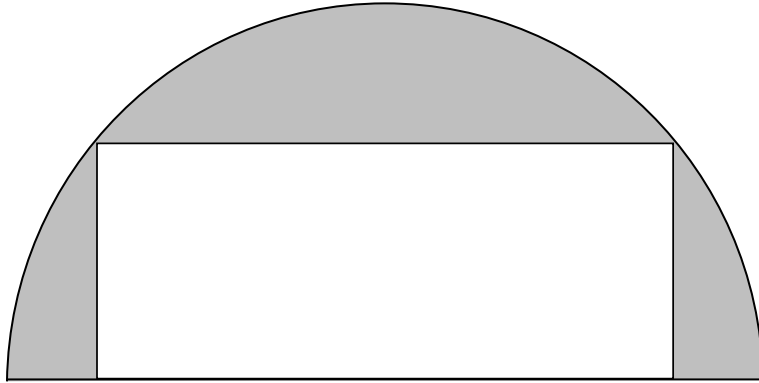
- 15 The shape is **rotated** 90° clockwise about point *A*.
It is then **enlarged** by scale factor -2 , centre *B*.
Draw the final shape on the diagram.

[3 marks]



- 17 The diagram shows a rectangle inside a semicircle.
The rectangle has dimensions 16 cm by 6 cm

Not drawn
accurately



Work out the shaded area.
Give your answer in terms of π .

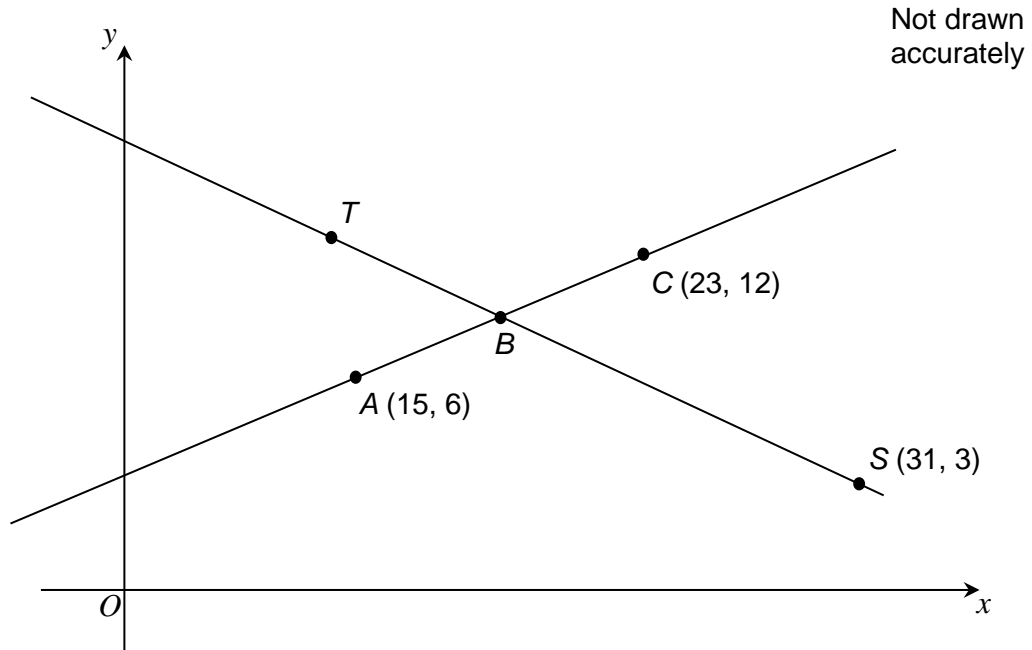
[4 marks]

Answer _____ cm^2

18 Two straight lines are shown.

B is the midpoint of AC .

$TB : BS = 2 : 3$

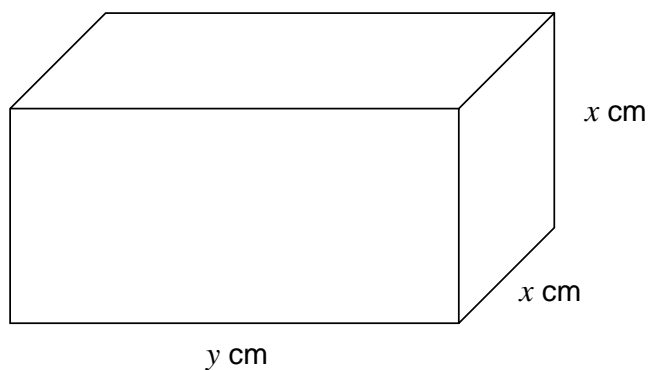


Work out the coordinates of T .

[4 marks]

Answer (_____ , _____)

- 19 A cuboid has dimensions x cm, x cm and y cm



x is increased by 10%

y is decreased by 20%

Work out and describe the percentage change in the volume of the cuboid.

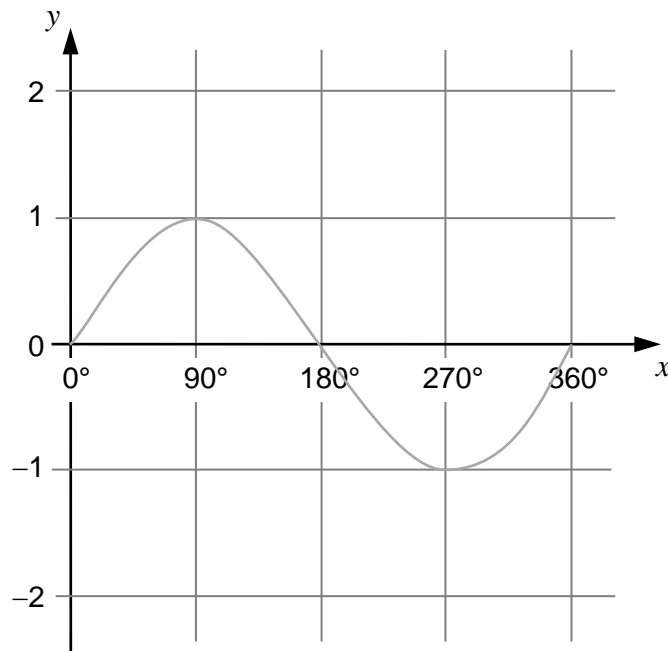
[4 marks]

Answer _____

23 (a) The graph of $y = \sin x$ is shown for $0^\circ \leq x \leq 360^\circ$

On the grid sketch the graph of $y = \sin x - 1$ for $0^\circ \leq x \leq 360^\circ$

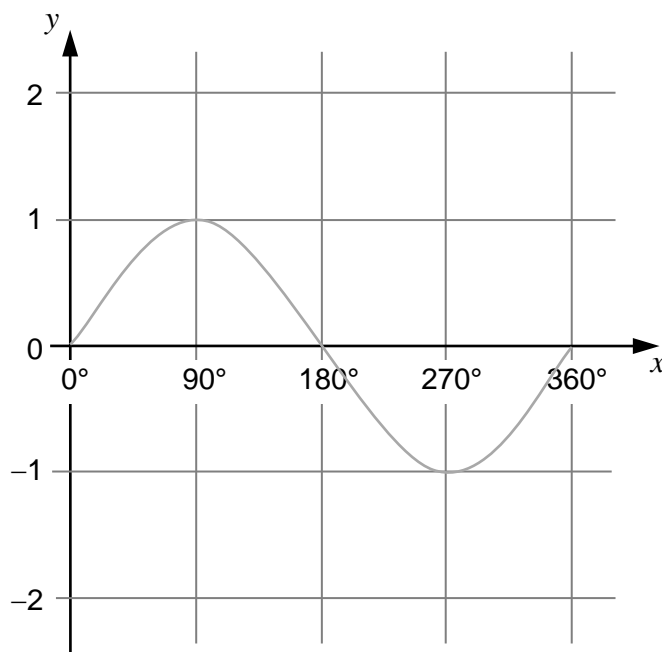
[1 mark]



23 (b) The graph of $y = \sin x$ is shown on the grid for $0^\circ \leq x \leq 360^\circ$

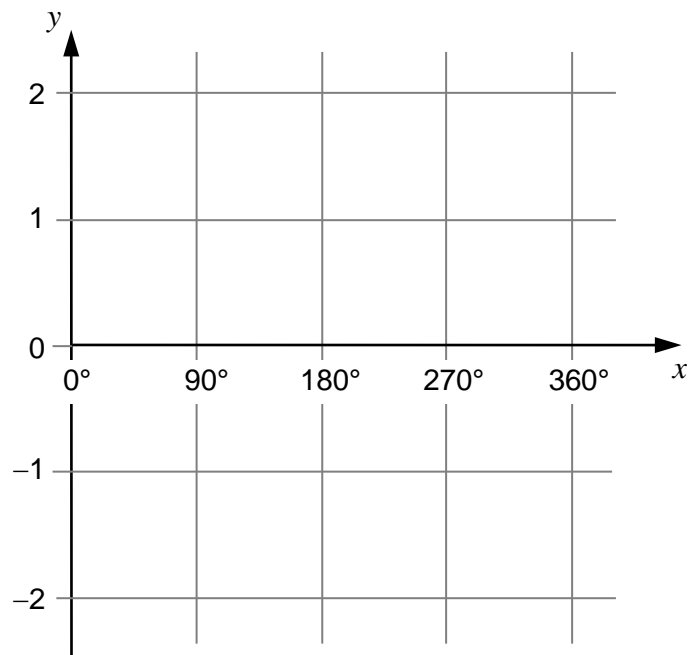
On this grid sketch the graph of $y = -\sin x$ for $0^\circ \leq x \leq 360^\circ$

[1 mark]



23 (c) On this grid sketch the graph of $y = \tan x$ for $0^\circ \leq x \leq 360^\circ$

[1 mark]



Turn over for the next question

- 24** A bag contains n beads.
One bead is black and the rest are white.
Two beads are taken from the bag at random.

24 (a) Show that the probability that **both** beads are white is $\frac{n-2}{n}$

[2 marks]

24 (b) The probability that **both** beads are white is greater than 0.9

Work out the **least** possible value of n .

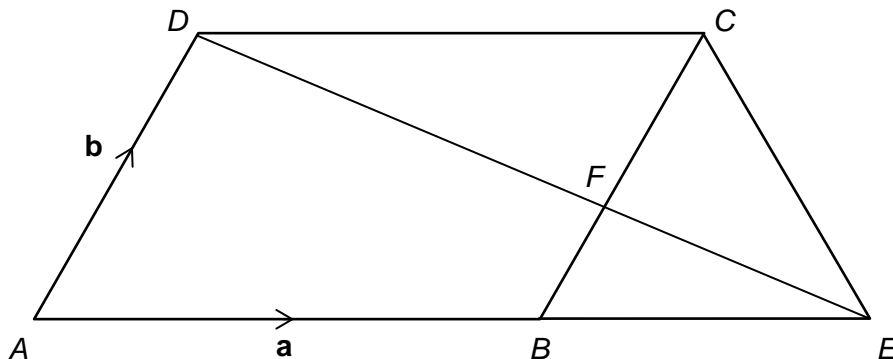
[3 marks]

Answer _____

- 25** $ABCD$ is a parallelogram.
 ABE is a straight line and $AB : BE = 3 : 2$
 BC and ED intersect at F .

$$\vec{AB} = \mathbf{a} \text{ and } \vec{AD} = \mathbf{b}$$

Not drawn
accurately



- 25 (a)** Work out \vec{ED} in terms of \mathbf{a} and \mathbf{b} .
 Give your answer in its simplest form.

[3 marks]

Answer _____

- 25 (b)** Deduce \vec{EF} in terms of \mathbf{a} and \mathbf{b} .

[2 marks]

Answer _____

END OF QUESTIONS

There are no questions printed on this page

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